

# FORT SUMNER REVIEW

FORT SUMNER - NEW MEXICO

Higher prices for meat also show that prosperity is again on the job.

Some automobilists are setting the football players a terrible example.

Surgeons begin to sit up and take notice at the first call for football teams.

This is the time to bring on your triplets and quadruplets. The census taker is on his way.

In moving, a little burlap will cover a multitude of things that do not concern the new neighbors.

If the world will only wait about a dozen years or so, the pole will be the great American summer resort.

If reckless chauffeurs cannot be made to slow down they should be given in jail a course of first aid to the injured.

One Long Island City man, aged 87, is the father of a newborn son. It is easy to guess who is the proudest man in the United States.

There has been an extraordinary influx of American visitors into Austria and Hungary this year; but the hotel-keepers know what to do about it.

The carrying of revolvers by boys of 16 is a practice which should be sternly repressed. Nobody is safe with deadly firearms in youthful irresponsible hands.

The county fair is one of those institutions which are perennial in their hold on the popular affections and which so-called modern improvements will never displace.

It is asserted that the czar's method of dealing with Finland is illegal, but as the czar is his own supreme court, there does not seem to be anything that Finland can do about it.

The Spanish treasure swindle is still in successful operation. The swindle is an old one, but apparently hale and vigorous, and with every prospect of reaching a green and profitable old age.

A New Jersey justice has decided that a man, at least in that state, cannot legally caress his wife against her will. But, then, what prudent and far-seeing man in any state would want to?

Trees are more a hindrance than a help to the aviators. Bleriot collided with one the other day. Golfers are also known to have serious objections to trees as blots on the landscape. But still the science of forestry will go on.

Already the long-distance weather prophets are at work on the coming winter. One of them predicts that the season will be long and severely cold. But until the goosebump man is heard from the country will really know little about the matter.

It may be that the unexplored fields of the upper air will prove as fertile for scientific research as the untraversed lands of the globe. Bleriot's aeroplane accident is attributed to the phenomenon of a boiling sea of air—a condition which suggests yet more strange phenomena to be revealed to the scientist who will work from an aeroplane.

Now a model reformatory in Delaware is under charges of gross cruelty to the inmates. The story is unpleasantly familiar and far too frequent. The details in this case are the same in kind and degree as usually shock the public, says the Baltimore American. The trouble appears to be everywhere the same old story of a board of directors who do not direct, and of irresponsible authority which naturally is abused.

Advices from Billings are to the effect that 5,000 homestead entries were filed in Montana during the first six months of the present year. Most of these lands are in the so-called "dry-farming" section of the state. Information concerning crop selection and cultivation which will be of incalculable value to dry farmers will be brought out at the Dry Farming congress to be held at Billings from the twenty-sixth to the twenty-eighth of October.

In the face of the unreserved goodwill shown by distinguished Japanese gentlemen who are visiting this country with the purpose of extending business relations here, the warm expressions of regard for our people, the honor accorded to President Taft and the evident desire to strengthen friendly feeling between the nations the quietus should be put on the apprehensions of conflict in which the United States and Japan shall be involved. The "yellow peril" exists only in yellow imagination.

A British anti-slavery society wants to enlist the aid of America in abolishing slavery in European colonies in Africa. The general rule now appears to be "When in doubt, trouble or financial stress, turn to the United States."

Another unloaded gun has claimed its victim. The average household has but little use for firearms, and, furthermore, statistics will show that such weapons have done more toward the slaughter of innocents than in re-celling bugaboo burglars.

# NEW MEXICO TERRITORIAL NEWS

## DEATH OF COLONEL MAX FROST



Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 14.—Col. Max Frost, the nestor of New Mexico journalists, died last night, aged 57.

Col. Frost was editor of the Daily New Mexican and for twelve years was secretary of the Bureau of Immigration. Although he had been ill for ten years with locomotor ataxia, and had been blind for the last seven years, he retained his grasp upon journalistic and political affairs until this year, when he retired from active work. He was a thirty-third degree Mason, and came to New Mexico in 1876.

Colonel Frost was born on January 1, 1852, in Louisiana. In that state he attended private schools and college. He went to Washington, D. C., where he read law for two years. Receiving an appointment as chief clerk of the United States military telegraph lines, then in operation in New Mexico, he came to this territory and traveled into every section of the Southwest.

**New Mexico Men Indicted.**  
A St. Joseph, Mo., dispatch reports the indictment there of a number of New Mexico men interested in land transactions in Otero county, on the charge of conspiracy to defraud the government. Those against whom true bills have been returned are said to be Oliver M. Lee, H. H. Majors, R. G. Mullen, Mott A. Gleason, R. M. Nichols, Charles A. Thompson and Robert R. Wade.

Most of them are Alamogordo men and it is understood that this sensational charge is brought as the result of alleged improprieties in the handling of government lands in New Mexico. Several of the men mentioned were interested in or connected with the difficulties in which the Sacramento Valley Irrigation Company was involved.

### Cattle and Horse Growers.

That it is the earnest desire of the forest service to co-operate in every way with stockmen, as far as is compatible with conservation of the forests, and that the service has the most cordial attitude toward the grazing industry, was emphasized before the New Mexico Cattle and Horse Growers' Association at Albuquerque by District Forester A. G. Ringland of the Third district, and Chief of Grazing J. K. Campbell, in exceptionally strong addresses, which were most cordially received.

Luther Fister of Mesilla Park, director of the New Mexico experiment station, made an interesting address on feeding stock.

The resolutions adopted pledge the co-operation of the organization with Governor Curry in the effort to secure the best disposition of the public lands to be granted the new state of New Mexico.

The annual meeting of the New Mexico Funeral Directors' Association closed its session at Albuquerque on the 14th inst. J. A. Mahoney of Deming was elected president for the ensuing year and the next place of meeting will be Roswell. The association now numbers half a hundred members and is growing fast. Prof. William Hohenschuh, an eminent authority on embalming, delivered daily lectures before the delegates.

gaining a broad knowledge of the Rocky Mountain region.

Colonel Frost served two years as clerk in the surveyor general's office of New Mexico and was register of the United States land office at Santa Fe under the administration of President Arthur. Acting Governor W. G. Ritch appointed him adjutant general and he served the territory in that capacity under Governor Lew Wallace and Governor Lionel Sheldon. He was an officer in the field and saw considerable active service against the Indians, cattle rustlers and gangs of outlaws which in those days infested the territory.

In 1884 Colonel Frost was admitted to the New Mexico bar. He served as a county commissioner of Santa Fe county in 1891 and 1892, and has held such minor offices as school director of the Santa Fe board of education. As secretary of the Bureau of Immigration he did valuable work in inducing immigration into the territory.

**Will Push Farmington Branch.**  
The Southern Pacific branch from Gallup, N. M., to Farmington, N. M., and Durango, Colo., will be completed in less than a year, according to Epes Randolph, head of the Randolph line of the Southern Pacific in Arizona, who arrived at Albuquerque as a member of the presidential party.

Mr. Randolph stated that construction work will begin in sixty or ninety days at latest, and the line will be finished in six months after that.

The line, which taps the coal fields of northern New Mexico and southern Colorado, will cost \$4,000,000 and will be 120 miles long from the junction with the Santa Fe coast line to Farmington. It will open for development one of the richest sections of New Mexico, heretofore without railroad facilities.

### To Build Lake Urton Dam.

The Lake Urton project to reclaim 70,000 acres in the Middle Pecos valley, abandoned by the reclamation service for lack of funds, and taken up by the territory under the Carey act, will be built by the Urton Lake Land & Water Company, recently incorporated, with \$250,000 capital and headquarters at Santa Fe.

The incorporators and directors are ex-Gov. Miguel A. Otero, ex-Secretary J. W. Reynolds and former Attorney General George W. Prichard of Santa Fe, Irving B. Melville of Denver, and Lloyd Seigler of Salt Lake.

The project will cost more than \$2,000,000. A diversion dam in the Pecos river 22 feet high and 450 feet wide will divert the flow into the widest diversion canal in the world—thirty-seven miles long and sixty feet wide in its narrowest part—into Urton Lake, a natural reservoir site, with a capacity of 200,000 acre feet.

Pancho Gonzales was arrested at Roswell on complaint of Castro Juarez, the charge being insulting the American flag. It is alleged that Gonzales, September 15th, when the celebration of Mexican independence was in progress, cursed and reviled the flag. He was arraigned today in justice court and pleaded not guilty, being held for further hearing.

A woman never considers a man lacking in intelligence if he has enough to admire her.

### Comanche Property Sold.

One of the biggest sales in the history of Grant county mining property took place on the 8th inst., at Silver City, when the holdings of the Comanche Mining & Smelting Company were sold to the Savanna Copper Company under order of court, for \$416,000.

The property sold includes the big smelting plant at Silver City, some of the most valuable mines in the Burro Mountain mining district the gold and silver mines at Pinos Altos and the 14-mile narrow gauge railway from Silver City to Pinos Altos.

The sale was conducted by Special Master R. P. Barnes. The bid of the Savanna company covered the amount of a loan recently made to the Comanche company. The full indebtedness of the Comanche company was \$20,000 or more.

The Comanche company was organized six years ago by Michigan men, with a capital stock of \$500,000.

### Burro Mountain Extension.

An Albuquerque dispatch of the 9th inst. says: Phelps, Dodge & Company, by the terms of a transaction completed in Silver City recently, became the owners of the Burro Mountain Copper Company in the Burro mountains, twelve miles southwest of Silver City.

Phelps, Dodge & Company have held a minority interest in the company for some time past. They bought the controlling sixty-five per cent. interest from Alfred and Nathan Leopold of New York, for a price said to be over \$1,000,000.

It is believed the Phelps Dodge company is preparing to build an extension of the El Paso & Southwestern railroad to the Burro mountains.

### Host Brutally Murdered.

An Albuquerque dispatch of the 11th inst. says: Francis Chapo, for twenty years a resident of Carlsbad, N. M., was brutally hacked to pieces with a knife last night by a Mexican name unknown, who had received the hospitality of Chapo and had accepted an invitation to spend the night with him. At midnight he broke into Chapo's room, stabbed him repeatedly in the breast and throat, hacked out both eyes, and broke the blade of the knife off in Chapo's skull.

The murderer was captured and jailed. His only explanation is that he was suffering from a nightmare.

### Otero Divorce Granted.

Mrs. Caroline Virginia Emmett Otero has been granted a divorce from former Gov. Miguel A. Otero of New Mexico.

Immediately after the decree was issued Mrs. Otero left for New York, where she expects to make her future home. Miguel Otero, Jr., the only child of the couple, will remain in the custody of the father. He is now a student at the New Mexico Military academy at Roswell.

The domestic differences of the Oteros have been known to their friends for a long time, and that a divorce would sooner or later be applied for and granted was a certainty. They were married in 1888. Otero is wealthy. Mrs. Otero is the daughter of former Judge Lafayette Emmett of St. Paul.

Territorial Engineer Sullivan has approved the application of A. M. Paten for a \$110,000 reservoir and irrigation project in Lincoln county at the foot of Nogal peak, the reservoir, to hold 5,000 acre feet of water, to be located near Oscura. An appropriation of forty second feet from Bull Gap run and other tributaries of Water canon was granted.

Horses, wagons and harness worth \$1,700 were recently turned over by Mounted Policeman Avant of Captain, Lincoln county, to Sheriff Grisham of Trinidad, Colo., being property that had been mortgaged at DeBeque, Colo., and taken to New Mexico with the intention of selling it again. William May, who was in charge of the property, was not arrested.

Governor Curry has appointed L. B. Highsmith of Artesia, Eddy county, a delegate to the farmers' congress at Raleigh, N. C., and S. H. Norton of Los Angeles commissioner of deeds for New Mexico in California.

Incorporations papers have been filed at Santa Fe by the Hermit Mining & Development Company of Las Vegas, with \$200,000 capital, by John A. Baker, John K. Martin, Harry W. Garberson and John W. Thompson.

The Top Development Company, which has acquired extensive mineral holdings in Grant county, but has its headquarters at Bakersville, Cochise county, Ariz., has incorporated with \$65,000 capital and New Mexico offices at Silver City. The incorporators and directors are: Earl A. Wayne, Harry H. Kelly, Thomas L. Love, Alfred F. Kerr and Allen H. Gillespie.

Artesia has offered a bonus of \$100,000 to any railroad which will build into the city. The alfalfa and fruit growing interests of Artesia have grown so rapidly that better shipping facilities are imperatively demanded for Artesia, though its commercial club, is in the field actively to get a new railroad.

Governor Curry has granted a respite of one month to Santos Ortiz, who was to have been hanged Friday, October 15th, at Silver City. The visit of President Taft on that day to New Mexico helped Ortiz to get the respite, for it was deemed objectionable to signalize the day with a hanging, which the newspapers of the country would give prominence because of the President's visit. There also are mitigating circumstances, so it is reported, that will be investigated and if found true may lead to a commutation of sentence if Judge Parker and U. S. Attorney Wright recommend.

# PRESIDENT AT ALBUQUERQUE

STRONGLY IN FAVOR OF STATEHOOD FOR ARIZONA AND NEW MEXICO.

## VISITS AN OLD PUEBLO

GIVES SOME EXCELLENT ADVICE TO BOTH INDIANS AND AMERICANS.

Albuquerque, N. M.—President Taft had another day of travel through the far Southwest Friday and traversing the long reaches of the territory of New Mexico, had a glimpse of some of the most ancient adobe in America, leaving the train at one time to go into the plaza of a pueblo to witness an Indian dance, especially arranged.

The color of the Southwest tinted his reception at all the various stops along the way.

Arriving here at 3 o'clock, the president was greeted by one of the largest audiences of his territorial travels of the past three days and aroused intense enthusiasm by a repetition of the declarations he made in Arizona that he favored statehood for the two remaining territories of the United States and would do all in his power to see that the long-deferred hopes of the people of Arizona and New Mexico are gratified.

It was at Laguna, a township made up entirely of Indians, that the president was met by a local committee of Indians and where he had one of the most unique entertainments of his trip.

As he sat in a little canopied stand in the plaza enclosed with adobe huts and walls, the president was showered with presents. There were blankets of gaudy color, Indian bread and other offerings which the red men had fashioned in his honor.

The plaza itself, the walls and the terraced roofs of the adobe houses were lined with Indians, the squares being attired in fantastic costumes which seemed all the brighter under the glare of an unclouded sun. And there was hardly a squaw in the pueblo that did not have a bright-eyed, chubby-faced little papoose either in her arms or swung in a hammock on her back. More little Indian boys and girls were arranged in a long row to welcome the president and each one carried an American flag.

As the president was leaving the plaza, after the weird music of the tom-toms had died away and the last steps of the Comanche dance had been taken by the gaudily bonneted braves, the little children sang a song of New Mexico.

The president stopped several minutes to listen. The tune was that of "Maryland, My Maryland."

From the plaza, crowded by a curious throng of Indians, the president went to the church, an adobe building. In a little speech, spoken slowly and with emphasis on each syllable, in order that all who understood English at all might understand, the president assured the Indians of the good will of the government and urged them to be good farmers and good artisans. He was warmly applauded and every Indian wanted to shake his hand. These evidences of interest and it might be said of such enthusiasm were unique, coming from such a stolid race.

In all of his speeches during the day the president again urged the people of Arizona and New Mexico to take time and to deliberate in the formation of their new state constitutions, once they have been admitted to the Union.

In his address to the people of New Mexico the President said:

"I am glad to see that you are orthodox in this community and believe in a future state. I might have had some other impression if I had not come through a territory yesterday that intimated to me that there were people on this side of the line that had the same views that they had with reference to becoming a state, but that they preferred to have each community work out its own salvation. "Now, my friends, I might just as well make the announcement now so as to relieve any doubt on the subject, that I was elected on a platform that declared in favor of the admission of New Mexico and Arizona as separate states, and that so far as I can properly exercise any influence as the chief executive, for, bear in mind, I am not the legislator, I expect to exercise that influence to carry out that promise of the platform on which I was elected."

### Drunken Man Threatens Taft.

Albuquerque, N. M.—Shouting "Where is Taft? I want to kill him," Thomas Thorpe, an aged prospector, approached Policeman T. Guvera a few minutes after President Taft and his party had reached Albuquerque. Thorpe was arrested at once and placed in jail for investigation. He had acted queerly and asked Chief of Police McMillen a number of questions which led the chief to have him observed. Thorpe had been drinking and is believed to be feeble-minded.

# ANOTHER WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Gardiner, Maine.—"I have been a great sufferer from organic troubles and a severe female weakness. The doctors said I would have to go to the hospital, but I could not bear to think of it. I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash—and was entirely cured after three months' use of them."—Mrs. S. A. WILLIAMS, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 39, Gardiner, Me.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made exclusively from roots and herbs, a fair trial.

This famous medicine for women has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and renewer of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills, and creates radiant, buoyant female health. If you are ill, for your own sake as well as those you love, give it a trial.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

## IT IS.



She—John Henry! I wonder how you can sit there and look me in the face.

He—So do I, my love; but it's surprising what a recklessly brave man can do!

### Dorothy and the Stork.

When little Dorothy Walworth was introduced to her baby brother in the First Methodist Episcopal Parsonage in Yonkers, N. Y., she manifested intense interest, but was not astonished. "I knew he was coming," she exclaimed; "I knew it."

Pressed for an explanation, the five-year-old said: "I was down to the Bronx zoo the other day and saw the stork in his cage. I recognized him by the black stripes on his wings that papa said were there. Well, when the stork was standing alone on one leg, I went close to him and whispered in his ear that I wanted him to bring me a baby brother or sister. He didn't say anything, but I knew he would do it, because he bent his head toward me and winked an eye."

### Joke Medicine.

He is a very practical, serious-minded man of business. The other day he met a friend, and related to him an alleged joke, and at its conclusion laughed long and heartily. The friend looked awkward for a moment, and then said: "You'll have to excuse me, old man, but I don't see the point." "Why, to tell you the truth, I don't just see the point myself. But I've made it a rule to laugh at all jokes; I think it's good for the health."

### Editorial Amenities.

Editor Junkin of the Sterling Bulletin has red hair. Editor Cretcher of the Sedgwick Pantagraph has no hair at all.

"Mac," asked Junkin, "how did you lose your hair?"

"It was red and I pulled it out," growled Cretcher.—Everybody's.

### A BANKER'S NERVE Broken by Coffee and Restored by Postum.

A banker needs perfect control of the nerves, and a clear, quick, accurate brain. A prominent banker of Chattanooga tells how he keeps himself in condition:

"Up to 17 years of age I was not allowed to drink coffee, but as soon as I got out in the world I began to use it and grew very fond of it. For some years I noticed no bad effects from its use, but in time it began to affect me unfavorably. My hands trembled, the muscles of my face twitched, my mental processes seemed slow and in other ways my system got out of order. These conditions grew so bad at last that I had to give up coffee altogether."

"My attention having been drawn to Postum, I began its use on leaving off the coffee, and it gives me pleasure to testify to its value. I find it a delicious beverage; like it just as well as I did coffee, and during the years that I have used Postum I have been free from the distressing symptoms that accompanied the use of coffee. The nervousness has entirely disappeared, and I am as steady of hand as a boy of 25, though I am more than 93 years old. I owe all this to Postum."

"There's a Reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in drug stores.

Ever read the above letter? A new one answers from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.